



Cervical Length Screening Protocol

- Assess cervical length on all patients undergoing initial anatomic survey between **16 0/7–23 6/7 weeks**
 - **Low-risk for Preterm Birth (Ex: No prior Spontaneous PTB, singleton)**
 - › Perform Transabdominal cervical length (TACL) evaluation
 - › If TACL ≤ 35 mm, then perform Transvaginal cervical length (TVCL)
 - › If unable to visualize cervical length abdominally, then perform TVCL
 - **High-risk for Preterm Birth -or- requested by referring provider (Ex: Prior Spontaneous PTB, Multiple Gestation, Prior Cervical Surgery, Muerllian anomaly)**
 - › Perform Transvaginal cervical length

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These algorithms are designed to assist the primary care provider in the clinical management of a variety of problems that occur during pregnancy. They should not be interpreted as a standard of care, but instead represent guidelines for management. Variation in practices should take into account such factors as characteristics of the individual patient, health resources, and regional experience with diagnostic and therapeutic modalities.

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